

Condition	ICD-9-CM	ICD-10-CM	Additional Requirements
Fracture	Location (hip fracture) Open or Closed Late Effect	 Location -include Specific site of the fracture (hip fracture – subtrochantericfx of right femur) Open or Closed Late Effect Documentation of the type of fracture as displaced or non displaced Documentation supporting laterality Gustilo classification system for further classification of open fractures 	 A, Initial encounter for closed fracture B, Initial encounter for open fracture D, Subsequent encounter with routine healing G, Subsequent encounter with delayed healing K, Subsequent encounter with nonunion P, Subsequent encounter with malunion S, Sequela
Injury	• Injury • Type	Type of injury (specify) Codes are organized by the general site of the injury: Head Neck Thorax Abdomen Shoulder and upper arm Elbow and forearm Wrist and hand Hip and thigh Knee and lower leg Ankle and foot	ICD-10-CM features an expanded category for injuries: A – Initial encounter D – Subsequent with routine healing G – Subsequent with delayed healing S – Sequela How & Where the injury occurred
Pain	• Location • Site	Location Site Type – acute or chronic	Multiple options for reporting pain Pain codes may be used to provide further detail regarding acute or chronic pain (G89.XX) These codes are used in conjunction with codes that identify site specific pain
Neoplasms	 Anatomical site Histological behavior Benign Malignant In situ Uncertain behavior 	Anatomical Site Histological behavior Benign Malignant In situ Uncertain behavior Primary site Secondary (metastatic) site(s)	Additional classifications that are now grouped by morphology (histologic type) Must document the histologic type of the neoplasm

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Circulatory	Specify Condition	General Documentation: • Site specificity, when applicable	No distinction of HTN status/type.
		Laterality (right, left, bilateral), when applicable	CAD with or without angina inclusive in one code.
	 Hypertension (HTN): Benign Malignant Unspecified 	 HTN (no distinction of status/type), document if: With heart involvement (and with heart failure, if applicable) With kidney involvement, specify: Stage 1 thru 5, or ESRD Secondary 	AMI redefined as duration of 4 weeks (28 days) or less.
	 Coronary Artery Disease (CAD) (Atherosclerosis/Ischemia): Native Coronary Artery Graft type 	 CAD, document: Specific artery (default is native artery) With angina (specify: stable or unstable) or without angina AMI (redefined as duration of 4 weeks {28 days} or less), document: Location: 	
	 Nonautologous Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI) defined as duration of 8 weeks or less. 	o anterior wall (left main, left anterior descending or other coronary artery) o inferior wall (right or other coronary artery) o other sites (left circumflex coronary artery or other site) ST elevation (STEMI) or Non-ST elevation (NSTEMI)	
	 Cerebral Infarction / Cerebrovascular Accident (CVA): Occlusion Thrombosis Embolism 	 CVA, document: Location: Precerebral artery (vertebral, basilar, carotid) Cerebral artery (right/leftmiddle, anterior, posterior, cerebellar) Due to: thrombosis, embolism, occlusion or stenosis 	
		Heart Failure/CHF, document:	
		Left ventricle, systolic, diastolic, combinedAcute, chronic, acute on chronic (decompensated)	
		Atrial fibrillation, specify: Paroxysmal, persistent or chronic	
		Cardiomyopathy, document: • Dilated • Hypertrophic (obstructive, other)	
		Endomyocardial	
		Endocardial fibroelastosis	
		Other restrictiveDue to: alcohol, drug or external agent	
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Factors Influencing Health	ICD-9 V-codes: Screening History of Contact/Exposure Follow-up Pre-Operative	 ICD-10 Reported with Z-codes Screening for patient without sign or symptom (e.g. Z12.31 – encounter of screening mammogram for malignant neoplasm of breast) History of (condition no longer exists but being monitored) (e.g. Z85.3 – personal history of malignant neoplasm of breast) Follow-up continued surveillance following completed treatment (e.g. Z39.2 – Encounter for routine postpartum follow-up) Pre-operative for patients receiving preoperative evaluation only (e.g. Z01.81x – Encounter for pre-procedural exam [Specify – Cardio/Resp./lab/other]) 	Very Codes Used to describe a specific purpose for receiving services, or circumstances that affects the patient's health status but is not a current illness or injury. Z-codes may be either primary or secondary Key Terms include: Examination, History, Fitting, Status, Screening, etc
Obstetrics	Pregnancy/Episode of Care documented by Trimester Missed abortion defined as fetal death (before 22 weeks) Weeks of pregnancy (not reported) Incidental pregnancy (not reported)	 Episode of Care: Majority of codes have a final character indicating the trimester (number of weeks) of pregnancy, for the current encounter. Missed abortion classified as before 20 weeks Weeks of Pregnancy document number weeks gestation (i.e. use Z3A.xx; in addition to the primary obstetric code). Document Incidental pregnancy (Z33.1) when pregnancy is incidental to the encounter (i.e. not the reason for encounter). 	 Where applicable, a 7th character is to be assigned for certain categories to identify the fetus for which a complication code applies. Use add'l code from category Z37 to identify outcome of delivery. Distinguish between conditions of the mother that existed prior to pregnancy (pre-existing) & those that are a direct result of pregnancy (gestational). Specific documentation for cesarean delivery (reason): ~ Malposition, ~ Disproportion, ~ Maternal condition, ~ Planned w/ onset of labor
Vascular	Cerebral Infarction / Cerebrovascular Accident (CVA): Occlusion Thrombosis Embolism	CVA, document: Location: Precerebral artery (vertebral, basilar, carotid) Cerebral artery (right/leftmiddle, anterior, posterior, cerebellar) Due to: Thrombosis, embolism, occlusion or stenosis	Terminology used to describe several cardiovascular conditions has been revised to reflect more current medical practice

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GI	Gastric Ulcer • With/without obstruction • Hemorrhage • Perforation • Location: small, large, both (Intestine) Type Location Hemorrhoids • Location (Internal/External) • Complication Hernia • Site (Inguinal /Femoral) • Type (internal/external)	Crohn's disease and Diverticular disease, document: Site: Small intestine Large intestine Both small & large intestine Complication (specify) or w/o complication Ulcerative Colitis, document: Type: Pancolitis Proctitis Rectosigmoiditis Left sided Other Complication (specify) or w/o complication Hemorrhoids, document: Internal Specify degree, grade, state External Hernia, document: Site (Inguinal/Femoral) Type (Internal/External)	 No documentation changes from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM. Column to the left are common documentation pitfalls that may have been missed while documenting I-9. Emphasizing the importance of documenting for I-10. Utilize combination codes when appropriate.
Neurology	• Type • Site	General Documentation: Type of pain: Acute or chronic Post-procedural (specify procedure) Due to trauma Neoplasm related (specify neoplasm and site) Laterality (right, left, bilateral), when applicable Dominant or Non-dominant side, when applicable Dominant or Non-dominant side, when applicable Chronic Pain: Central pain syndrome and Chronic pain syndrome are different than the term 'chronic pain' and will be coded based on your specific documentation. Migraine, document: With or without aura Intractable or not intractable With or without status migrainosus Epilepsy, document: Localization related or generalized Intractable or not intractable With or w/o status epilepticus	"Pain" is also included in other chapters based on specific documentation (site, not specified as acute or chronic).